

Attention will be given to the economic consequences of military spending planned by other nations, lest growth of security expenditures undo the gains in economic development.

Helping recipient countries recognize the total costs of their forces will allow them to make informed choices in allocations of limited resources.

The recipient nation will assume increasingly greater responsibility for its own defense, for the fundamental decisions related to it, and for providing the necessary resources.

SECTION III ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR US FOREIGN ASSISTANCE

Department of State
National Security Council System
Central Intelligence Agency
US International Communications Agency
Agency for International Development
US Country Team

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

The President has assigned to the SECRETARY OF STATE authority and responsibility for overall direction, coordination, and supervision of interdepartmental activities of the US Government overseas. This includes continuous supervision and direction of the entire foreign assistance program. The major State Department elements through which the Secretary of State exercises this responsibility are shown in figure 6-1.

The UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR SECURITY ASSISTANCE, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY is responsible for coordinating the plans and programs of all US Government departments and agencies involved in security assistance activities. In order to meet this responsibility, he chairs an interagency review committee called the ARMS EXPORT CONTROL BOARD (AECB) which