

conducts necessary training and becomes engaged in intelligence and other IDAD activities.

OFFENSIVE PHASE

The offensive phase of a consolidation campaign involves moving the civil-military task force into the operational area, destroying or neutralizing guerrilla forces and sympathizers, and removing insurgent personnel who may have infiltrated the local government.

Reconnaissance-in-force patrolling, area surveillance, ambushes, and other small-unit actions will be used extensively. Offensive operations, such as movement to contact, hasty or deliberate attack, raid, or pursuit, will follow the small-unit reconnaissance as targets are located.

Care must be taken that once cleared, the friendly controlled areas are not allowed to revert to guerrilla domination.

DEVELOPMENT AND COMPLETION PHASES

During the development and completion phases of a consolidation campaign, brigade operations involve holding an area to permit government agencies to conduct their internal defense and internal development programs. Operations also involve training local forces to assume the defensive and security missions from the regular armed forces. Aggressive defensive operations provide security against guerrilla attack, deny guerrillas access to support, and provide a secure base from which to expand the consolidated areas. Offensive action is continued to destroy guerrilla forces; however, defense must be provided for population centers, tactical bases, logistical installations, airbases/airfields, and lines of communication.

Defensive actions are conducted to accomplish one or more of the following:

- Destroy or capture guerrilla forces.
- Reduce guerrilla capability and opportunity for offensive action.
- Deny guerrilla entry into an area.
- Provide security and thus develop favorable conditions for other IDAD operations.

The normal form of defense in consolidation campaign operations is with small unit tactics, using airmobile and other reserve forces (ready forces) to immediately react to intelligence or an insurgent attack. Artillery and air support is prearranged to the degree possible, and plans are adjusted as required.

Security forces will conduct extensive patrolling throughout the area. The bulk of the brigade force may be assigned areas of responsibility and be heavily engaged in patrolling and supporting efforts of local security forces.