

- Artillery employment in support of night operations.
- Night airmobile operations.
- Night aerial delivery.
- Use of aerial sensor and aerial fire support at night.

INDIVIDUAL TRAINING

Training of the individual emphasizes physical and mental conditioning and acclimation to the operational environment. This includes tactics and techniques of guerrilla operations and orientation on the nature of the motivation, operations, and objectives of insurgent movements.

Cross-training of personnel is required in all types of weapons, communications, and other equipment and skills found in the unit because counter guerrilla operations can require the employment of small, self-sufficient units. The loss of personnel should never cause crew-served weapons, communications equipment, or essential skills to be unused because of a lack of fully trained personnel. Personnel are also trained in the use of nonorganic equipment such as shotguns and hand-held automatic weapons, boats, the light mortar in addition to the heavy mortar, and civilian-type equipment to include weapons and vehicles.

Physical conditioning strives not only to attain the foot mobility and endurance of the enemy, but to exceed it. Training exercises are planned and conducted to enhance the physical endurance of unit personnel. This conditions the troops to accept mentally the concept of continuous offensive operations to the limits of physical stamina. Emphasis is placed on foot marches to include speed marches and combatives to include hand-to-hand combat and bayonet drill. Survival, escape, resistance, and evasion training should include field exercises.

FIELD TRAINING EXERCISES

Battalions and brigades conduct extensive field training exercises. IDAD field operations should be long-term with an interplay of tactical operations, populace and resources control operations, psychological operations, intelligence operations, and civil affairs to include military civic action. This requires that situations include overall IDAD operations and each tactical exercise be varied to interplay with all possible aspects.

- Guerrilla tactical force representation must be played realistically during the exercise. The guerrilla plan of action must be detailed, supervised, and purposeful. The use of an opposing force operating at random throughout the area, making contact with the player unit at will, serves no useful training purpose and frustrates the intelligence effort.
- Civilian populations which can be expected in an area of operations must be represented adequately in training. This is necessary in all tactical exercises emphasizing civil affairs, psychological operations, intelligence, and population and resources control.